SECURIT



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THOMSON FINANCIAL

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-47421

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
	Private Portfolio, Inc.	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION PECIFICED. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.	FEB 2 6 2008
	7534 La Jolla Blvd.	
	(No. and Street)	BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS
	La Jolla, California 92037	05 EXAMINATIONS
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
Daniel Barba		(858) 551-2071 (Area Code - Telephone No.)
	COUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
		(Area Code - Telephone No.)
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN		(Area Code - Telephone No.)
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN	T whose opinion is contained in this	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report*
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name -	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report*
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name -	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON if individual, state last, first, middle name) Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, C	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report*
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name - 11770 Bernardo 1	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON if individual, state last, first, middle name) Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, C	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report* A 92128 Security Exercise (Code)
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name - 11770 Bernardo I (Address) (City)	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON if individual, state last, first, middle name) Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, C	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report* A 92128
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name - 11770 Bernardo I (Address) (City) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON if individual, state last, first, middle name) Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, C.	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report* A 92128 SEC State) SEC FEH 2 A 9717H
B. ACC INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN (Name - 11770 Bernardo I (Address) (City) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	T whose opinion is contained in this BOROS & FARRINGTON if individual, state last, first, middle name) Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, C	(Area Code - Telephone No.) Report* A 92128 Security Exercise (Code)

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

23/5/68

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Daniel Barba, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Private Portfolio, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

	None
ALEXANDRIA TRIPOLI Commission # 1650380 Notary Public - California San Diego County My Comm. Expires Mar 10, 2010	Signature Notawy Public
Notary Public	

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- ∅ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☑ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☑ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements
And
Independent Auditor's Report
Year Ended December 31, 2007

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A Professional Corporation

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court, Suite 210 San Diego, CA 92128-2424 (858) 487-8518 Fax (858) 487-6794

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Private Portfolio, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Private Portfolio, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Private Portfolio, Inc. at December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Supplemental Schedule, Computation of Net Capital, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Beres & Farington APC February 1, 2008

San Diego, California

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash	\$144,642
Deposit with clearing organization	100,000
Commission receivable	116,355
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,800
Furniture and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$38,040	<u>16,257</u>
	<u>\$382,054</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$102,671</u>
Stockholder's equity	
Common stock, 100,000 shares authorized	131,816
Retained earnings	147,567
Total stockholder's equity	279,383
	<u>\$382,054</u>

Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues	
Commissions	\$1,396,092
Administration fees and other	458,759
Interest and dividends	7,129
	<u>1,861,980</u>
Expenses	
Commissions and clearing charges	1,452,269
Compensation and employee benefits	236,760
Office supplies and printing	24,165
Rent	12,504
Outside services	8,258
Taxes, licenses, and registration fees	8,245
Depreciation	7,449
Telephone and postage	7,334
Information services	6,411
Dues and subscriptions	3,621
Travel and entertainment	1,571
Interest and bank charges	1,245
Loss on disposal of assets	923
Other	2,152
	<u>1,772,907</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 89,073</u>

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Common Stock		Retained		
	Shares	Amount	Earnings	Total	
Balance, beginning of year	1,000	\$131,816	\$123,494	\$255,310	
Distributions	-	-	(65,000)	(65,000)	
Net income		-	89,073	89,073	
Balance, end of year	<u>1,000</u>	<u>\$131,816</u>	<u>\$147,567</u>	<u>\$279,383</u>	

Statement of Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors Year Ended December 31, 2007

Balance, beginning of year	\$ -
Increases	-
Decreases	
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities	\$ 89,073
Depreciation	7,449
Loss on disposal of assets	923
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Commissions receivable	(11,064)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>2,380</u>
Net cash from operating activities	<u>91,761</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,719
Capital expenditures	(6,073)
Net cash from investing activities	(4,354)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Distributions	<u>(65,000</u>)
Net increase in cash	22,407
Cash, beginning of year	122,235
Cash, end of year	<u>\$ 144,642</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Interest paid	<u>\$ 1,245</u>
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 1,444</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company. Private Portfolio, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The Company provides broker-dealer services as an introducing broker-dealer clearing customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Accounting Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition. Security transactions and the related commission revenue are recorded on a settlement date basis.

Investments. Marketable securities are stated at market value, based on quoted market prices. Non-marketable securities are stated at cost.

Furniture and Equipment. Furniture and equipment is stated at cost. Additions, renovations, and improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs which do not extend asset lives are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets (generally 5-7 years).

Income Taxes. The Company has elected S corporation status under the state and federal tax laws. Accordingly, income or losses pass through to the Company's stockholder, and no provision for federal income taxes has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements. State income taxes have been provided at the reduced rate applicable to S corporations.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The company maintains cash balances with various financial institutions. Management performs periodic evaluations of the relative credit standing of these institutions. The Company has not sustained any material credit losses from these instruments.

Financial Instruments. The carrying values reflected in the statement of financial condition at December 31, 2007 reasonably approximate the fair values for financial instruments. In making such assessment, the Company has utilized discounted cash flow analyses, estimates, and quoted market prices as appropriate. No allowance for potential credit losses was considered necessary at December 31, 2007.

2. LEASE COMMITMENT

The Company leases its offices under a short-term operating lease.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital (as defined) and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) not exceeding 15 to 1.

The Company's ratio at December 31, 2007 was 0.4 to 1. The basic concept of the Rule is liquidity, its object being to require a broker-dealer in securities to have at all times sufficient liquid assets to cover its current indebtedness. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$258,326 was \$158,326 in excess of the amount required by the SEC.

4. INFORMATION RELATING TO POSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the exemptive provisions of paragraph (k)(2)(ii) and, accordingly, has no possession or control requirements.

5. COMPUTATION OF DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

Because the Company does not hold funds or securities for the account of any customers, as defined by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3, no reserve is required. Consequently, a reserve requirement was not calculated and a reconciliation to that calculation is not included herein.

6. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

As discussed in Note 1, the Company does not hold customer segregated cash or securities balances. Transactions are processed by a clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis. In conjunction with this arrangement, the Company is contingently liable for any unsecured debit balances in the customer accounts introduced by the Company. These customer activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet credit risk in the event the introduced customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. The Company seeks to control such credit risk by monitoring its exposure to the risk of loss daily, on an account-by-account basis. At December 31, 2007, the Company was not responsible for any unsecured debits and did not have any open positions in its trading accounts.

Supplemental Schedule Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2007

	Audited Financial Statements	FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA	Differences
Total stockholder's equity	\$279,383	\$285,153	\$(5,770)
Less non-allowable assets Prepaid expenses and other assets Furniture and equipment	(4,800) _(16,257)	(4,800) (22,146)	5,889
Net capital	<u>\$258,326</u>	<u>\$258,207</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$102,671</u>	<u>\$102,791</u>	<u>\$ (120)</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.40</u>	
Minimum net capital required	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	

Note: The differences between the net capital reported above and the net capital reported on form FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA as of December 31, 2007 result primarily from audit adjustments to accumulated depreciation and accounts payable.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

Board of Directors Private Portfolio, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary schedules of Private Portfolio, Inc. ("the Company") for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the control environment and accounting system and their operation that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above.

We understand that the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boros & Farington APC February 1, 2008

San Diego, California

